# PHÒNG GD&ĐT TP.HÒA BÌNH TRƯỜNG THCS LÊ QUÝ ĐÔN

# HƯỚNG DẪN ÔN TẬP KIỂM TRA CUỐI HỌC KỲ II MÔN TIẾNG ANH LỚP 6 NĂM HỌC 2023 - 2024

#### A. THEORY

## I. Vocabulary:

- Television
- Sports and games
- Cities of the world
- Our houses in the future
- Our greener world
- Robots

#### **II. Pronunciation:**

- sounds  $\theta$ ;  $\theta$ /;
- final sounds /e/ and /æ/
- sounds /əʊ/, /aʊ/
- stress in two syllable words
- Rhythm in sentences
- Tones in statements

#### III. Grammar:

- Wh- questions
- Conjunctions in compound sentences
- Possessive adjectives
- - Possessive pronouns
- Future simple
- Might for possibility
- Articles
- First conditional
- Superlative adjectives (short adjs)

#### IV. Skills

# **Speaking**

- Introducing about a favourite TV programme
- Talking about famous sportpeople
- Talking about a city
- Talking about different houses in the future
- Talking about tips for going green
- Talking about what robots can do

# V. Listening

- Listening for specific information about different TV programmes
- Listening for general and specific information about sports and games
- Listening for general and specific information about description of a city
- Listening for general and specific information about dream houses

- Listening for details about ideas for a green club
- Listening for specific information about what robots can do

## VI. Reading

- Reading for specific information about a TV guide
- Reading for general and specific information about favourite sports stars
- Reading for general and specific information about holiday postcard
- Reading for general and specific information about houses and appliances in the future
- Reading for general and specific information about ways to go green
- Reading for specific information about an international robot show

## VII. Writing

- Writing a paragraph about TV viewing habits
- Writing a paragraph a sport and game
- Writing a holiday postcard
- Writing a paragrapgh about dream houses
- Writing a paragrapgh about ideas for a green club
- Writing paragraphh about a robot one would like to have

#### **GRAMMAR**

1. CONJUNCTIONS (LIÊN TÙ)

Conjunctions (các từ nối): and, but, because, or, so, therefore, however 2. WH-QUESTIONS

- 1. Wh-qs: what, where, whe, which, how, how long, how much, how far....
- C. THÌ QUÁ KHỨ ĐƠN
- 1. Thì quá khứ đơn với động từ "to be"

Động từ "to be" ở thì quá khứ đơn có hai dạng là "was" và "were".

a. Khẳng định: S + was/were

Trong đó: S (subject): chủ ngữ

CHÚ Ý:

 $S = I/He/She/It (s\acute{o} \acute{t}) + was$ 

- S = We/You/They (số nhiều) + were
- I was at my friend's house yesterday morning.
- They were in London on their summer holiday last year.
- b. Phủ định: S + was/were + not
- was not = wasn't
- were not = weren't
- She wasn't very happy last night because of having lost money.
- c. Câu hỏi: Were/ Was + S?

Trả lời: Yes, I/he/she/it + was. - No, I/he/she/it + wasn't.

Yes, we/you/they + were. - No, we/you/they + weren't.

Câu hỏi ta chỉ cần đảo động từ "to be" lên trước chủ ngữ.

Yes, she was./ No, she wasn't.

- Were they at work yesterday? Yes, they were./ No, they weren't.
- 2. Công thức thi quá khứ đơn với động từ thường

- a. Khẳng định: S + V-ed
- S +V-ed: We studied English last night.
- He met his old friend near his house yesterday.
- b. Phủ định: S + did not + V
- c. Câu hỏi: Did + S + V?
- Did he miss the train yesterday?

Yes, he did./ No, he didn't.

- 3. Dấu hiệu nhận biết thì quá khứ đơn:
- yesterday/ last night/ last week/ last month/ last year
- ago: cách đây (two hours ago: cách đây 2 giờ/ two weeks ago: cách đây 2 ngày, when
- \* Chú ý khi thêm đuôi "-ed" vào sau động từ.
- + Động từ tận cùng là "e" => ta chỉ cần cộng thêm "d".

Ví dụ: type – typed, smile – smiled, agree – agreed,...

+ Động từ có MỘT âm tiết, tận cùng là MỘT phụ âm, trước phụ âm là MỘT nguyên âm

-> ta nhân đôi phụ âm cuối rồi thêm "-ed".

Ví dụ: stop – stopped, shop – shopped, tap – tapped,...

- + Động từ tận cùng là "y":
- Nếu trước "y" là MỘT nguyên âm (a,e,i,o,u) ta cộng thêm "ed".

Ví dụ: play – played, stay – stayed,...

- Nếu trước "y" là phụ âm (còn lại ) ta đổi "y" thành "i + ed".

Ví dụ: study – studied, cry – cried,...

b. Một số động từ bất quy tắc không thêm "ed".

- D. CÂU MÊNH LÊNH
- 1. Dạng khẳng định:
- Close the door
- 2. Dạng thức phủ định của câu mệnh lệnh
- Don't move

# E. SUPERLATIVE WITH SHORT ADJECTIVES (SO SÁNH NHẤT VỚI TÍNH TU NGAN)

S+ be + the+ adj + N...

# F. THE SIMPLE FUTURE TENSE (THÌ TƯƠNG LAI ĐƠN)

- I will = I'll

They will = They'll

- I will help her take care of her children tomorrow morning.
- b. Câu phủ định: S + will not + V

 $CHU \acute{Y}$ : will not = won't

- I won't help her take care of her children tomorrow morning.
- c. Câu nghi vấn: will + S + V?
- Will you come here tomorrow? Yes, I will./ No, I won't.
- 2. Cách sử dụng thì tương lai đơn
- I will come back home to take my document which I have forgotten
- I promise that I will tell you the truth.
- Will you please bring me a cup of coffee?
- If it stops raining soon, we will go to the cinema.
- 3. Dấu hiệu nhận biết thì tương lai đơn:
- in + thời gian: trong ... nữa (in 2 minutes:
- tomorrow:

- next day:						
- next week/ next r		?				
Trong câu có những động từ chỉ quan điểm như:  - think/ believe/ suppose/ : nghĩ/ tin/ cho là						
- think/ believe/ suppose/: nghĩ/ tin/ cho là						
- perhaps: có lẽ						
- I. ĐỘNG TỪ KH	IUYÉT THIÉU "MIC	GHT"				
1. Cách dùng						
a. Câu khẳng định:	S + might + V					
	S + might not + V					
J. CONDITIONAI	L TYPE 1 (CÂU ĐIỂ	ÈU KIỆN LOẠI 1)				
If + S + V (s,es), $S$	+ will $+$ V					
If + S + don't/doe	sn't +V1, S+ will/	won't + V1				
Unless = Ifnot						
B. VOCABULAR	Y AND GRAMMA	AR .				
<b>Ex1.</b> Choose the	word with a differe	ent way of pronun	ciation in the underlined part.			
Circle A, B or C.		7 1	1			
1. A. h <u>i</u> storic	B. exciting	C. <u>i</u> sland	D. f <u>i</u> rework			
2. A. <u>c</u> alendar	B. <u>c</u> elebrate	C. de <u>c</u> orate	D. s <u>ch</u> ool			
3. A. wonder	B. compass	C. brother	D. f <u>o</u> rest			
4. A. b <u>ea</u> ch	B. teach	C. feather	D. p <u>ea</u> ceful			
5. A. clothes	B. fireworks	C. scissors	D. mountains			
6. A. <u>c</u> ook	B. <u>c</u> lean	C. <u>c</u> elebrate	D. <u>c</u> andy			
7. A. <u>A</u> pril	B. decorate	C. make	D. tradition			
8. A. <u>s</u> pring	B. vi <u>s</u> it	C. present	D. season			
9. A. <u>ex</u> press	B. exciting	C. <u>expensive</u>	D. excellent			
10. A. <u>Th</u> ursday	B. <u>th</u> ese	C. thanks	D. bir <u>th</u> day			
* Choose the word	that differs from the	rest in the position	of the main stress.			
	B. behind	_	•			
	B. fireworks					
	B. plaster					
		C. pagoda				
15. A. historic		_	D. workshop			
	correct answers A, B,	_				
· -	swimming in the wir					
A. because			D. so			
2. Mary: How are your Tom: I'll go then	ou going to get to Hun e	ig King Temple next	weekend?			
A. for one day	B. by bus	C. again	D. sometimes			
3. Mary: What would	ld you like to drink no					
<i>Tom:</i>		C. Yes, I'd like	D. Orange juice, please			
	and my friends often.					
A. ride	B. fly	C. drive	D. go			
5. <i>Mary</i> : do yo	ou play badminton?		C			
	minton every afternoon		D. Have many			
•	B. How far		D. How many			

Tom: He is of medium	•		
A. would he like B. is I			
			it is job in the world.
A. the best	B. good	C. very good	D. better
8. There are too many buil			
A. at	B. on	C. in	D. to
9. Fansipan is peak of			
A. high	B. higher	C. highest	D. the highest
10do you think yo			
A. How often			
11. Last summer, we			
A. go/have			
	_		travel to the moon.
A. won't/might			
13. If wefind a			
A. x/ will	B. will/x	C. won't/will	D. x/x
14. Mr and Mrs Brown and			
A. four	B. six	C. eight	D. ten
15. Who is of	f the two girls?		
A. tallest B. the	e tallest C. tall	ler D. the	e taller
Ex3. Supply the correct f	form of the verbs in	the bracket.	
1. If we don't protect the e			angry.
2. I might (go)t	o Da Nang next weel	k. I'm not sure yet.	
3. It is likely that Tim (arri	ive) late.	-	
4 you (send)		ohn yesterday?	
5. I (be) at Jan			you there.
6. Be quiet! You			•
7. Yesterday, our class			
			ub to help the environment.
9. What is the (lon			-
10. If we (protect) t			
11. Refrigerators (be)			
12. Space robot can (help)			inets.
13. If there is no water, pla			
14 you (live)			
15. Hurry up! We (wait)			s) the bus
Ex4. Supply the correct			,
1. Ella is very			and)
2. Please be	-	•	
3. Alisa is so			)
4. We had a lot of			
5. Keep yourself			rly (hoolth)
6. We are going to Han R			•
		. (CO	impete)
7. It is to go hiking in		Trans. ( . 4	
8. Ha Long Bay is number			
9. Big cities in Vietnam ar	•	_	(la! n4 a )
10. Hoi An is a city	with a lot of old hous	es, snops and building	igs.( <b>nistory</b> )

11. We can take part in many outdoor during the festival.(act)  12. Today is the day in my life. (happy)  13. Everyone doesn't really like Hoa's voice as she sings so (C. READING  Ex1. Read the text about e-sports. Circle the correct answer A, B, or C.	
Millions of people play games for fun. However, there are professional gamers for ten or more hours a day, five or six days a week. They earn money by playic computer games, or e-sports!	• •
Then, are e-sports really sports? Some say no. E-sports players don't need to red or do big physical actions. At the moment, the UK government classifies e-sports ames, not as sports. But others say yes: e-sports are sports. Players do need so skills, especially hand—eye coordination, quick reaction. They also need to be a good at timing. In fact, the governments of China and South Korea classify e-s and they will be an official medal sport in the Asian Games starting from 2022 1. How about you? Do you think e-sports are real sports?  2. What is TRUE about professional gamers?  A. They play games for fun. B. Playing games is their job. C. They compete 3. Why do some people think e-sports are not sports?  A. Because e-sports players are not physically strong.  B. Because the government says that e-sports are games.	orts as kinds of ome physical accurate and apports as sports,
C. Because e-sports don't require much body movement.	
4. What skill does an e-sports player need?	
A. Throwing a dart accurately. B. Being good at timing.C. Running fast.	
5. Which country classify e-sports as real sports?	
A. South Korea. B. The UK. C. Germany.	
Ex2. Read the passage and decide if the following statements are True (T)	or False (F).
Earth Day is a birthday! Just like a birthday is a special day to celebrate a person a special day that celebrates the Earth. It is a day to remember to take care of o	•
Earth Day was born on April 22,1970, in San Francisco, California. It is now the celebrated environmental event worldwide. Every year, many countries around together in the celebration of Earth Day on April 22nd. On Earth Day, people of doing things that help to protect the environment. Some things people do to hel turn off the lights to conserve energy, plant trees, recycle, and pick up garbage communities. You don't have to wait for Earth Day though, you can help the every day!	I the world join celebrate by lp the Earth are: in their
1. The first Earth Day was celebrated around the world	
2. Earth Day is a day to take care of our planet, Earth	
3. A few countries celebrate Earth Day	
4. On Earth Day, people do some good things that help the planet	
5. Turning lights off is a way to save energy	

## Ex3. Read the passage and choose the correct answer by circling A, B, or C.

Venice is a small city in Northeastern Italy, and about 75,000 people live there. Many people who work in Venice live in Mestre, a modern industrial city. Most people in Venice live in beautiful apartment buildings. Tourism is very important, and many people work in hotels and restaurants. There are also many art galleries and old palaces. People don't drive cars or use roads. They walk or travel by boat on the canals. Tourists enjoy trips in small boats called gondolas. Venice is a tourist city. Thousands of tourists visit the old city at Easter and at carnival time in February. Another popular festival is the Vogalonga in May. People row in small boats around the city, but it is not a race. People sit in cafes and talk, or they go to restaurants and enjoy local food. They also go swimming, but not in the canals!

•	y, but it is not a race. People so food. They also go swimming	ng, but not in the canals!
1. What is the passage abo	ut?	
A. People in Venice	B. The history of Venice	C. Brief introduction to Venice
2. Where is Venice?		
A. Near the river Ouse	B. In Northeastern Italy	C. Near the Rocky mountains
3. What is true about peop	le in Venice?	
A. They live in pretty castl	les.	
B. Many people who live i	n Venice work in Mestre.	
C. They usually walk or us	se boats to go around.	
4. Which is NOT mentione	ed as an activity for tourists is	n Venice?
A. Watching boat races.	B. Trying various local dis	hes C. Sitting in cafes and talking.
5. When is the best time for	or tourists to travel there?	
A. at Easter	B. in February	C. Both A&B
Ex4. Fill each blank with	one suitable word by choos	sing A, B or C.
nowadays, (32) lot of like factories, cars and more	of things in our lives create h tobikes. Air (33) is o aly (34) problems in p	we need (31) air. However, armful gasses and make the air dirty, ne of the worldwide alarming issues people but also in plants and animals
1.A. clean	B. dirty	C. polluted
2.A. the	B. a	C. an
3.A. polluted	B. pollute	C. pollution
4.A. healthy	B. unhealthy	C. health
5.A. polluted	B. unpolluted	C. harmful

#### D. WRITING

#### Ex1. Rewrite these sentences without changing their meanings.

1. Don't read books in the dark. Your eyes will be ruined.
=> If
2. The A10 robot is 200 dollars. The A11 is 150 dollars. The A12 is 300 dollars.
=> The A11 among three robots.
3. How much is a bottle of water?
-> What?
4. Let's dance and sing a song.
-> What about?
5. No hotel on the street is newer than this hotel.
-> This hotel
6. Does her school have twenty- three classrooms and eight hundred-eighty students?
-> Are?
7. His house has a living- room, two bedrooms and a kitchen.
-> There
8. What's your brother's weight?
->How?
9. This building belongs to my brother.
-> This is
10. What time does Mai go to work?
-> When?
11. How high is the Mount Everest?
-> What?
12. It's not good for you to stay up late and play games until midnight.
=> You
13. She has never seen the more amazing sight. (most)
=> It's
14. We haven't been to Hanoi for three years. (went)
=> The last time
15. Sue shouldn't go out this weekend, or she won't have time to study.

=> lt
16. How about going to the cinema tonight?
=> Shall
=> Shall? 17. The bookshop is opposite the library. (THERE)
=> a bookshop opposite the library.
18. No one in my family cooks better than my dad. (THE)
=> My dad isin my family.
19. This is a present for you. (YOURS)
=> This
20. The show was interesting. It was too long. (BUT)
=> The show was interesting, too long.
Ex2. Rearrange the words to make meaningful sentences. (10 pts)
1. stay / grandparents / vacation / are / with / next / we / to / our / going / summer/.
2. in / the / Nile River / the / longest / the / is / world / river /.
3. good / the / there / let's / and / time / beach / go / have / to / a /.
4. small / thin / sister / white / and / his / lips / teeth / has /.
5. "No parking" / here /, so / sign / mustn't / says / park / this / we/.
6. happy / always / John / home / feels / when / he / comes / .

7. sister / home / rides/ and / my/ at / has/ and / lunch/ twelve / a / to / quarter/.					
8. usually / notebo	ook / cheapo	er / dictiona	ry/a/a/ is/than/.		
9. isn't / water / m	uch / bottle	/ there / the			
10. still / more / h	ungry / nee	d / some / I	/ and / am / rice / I / .		
Ex5. There is on 1. I live in a apar			ntence. Find and cor	rect it.	
A B	<u> </u>	80,011 1101	D		
2. <u>Listen!</u> Someo	_	at the door	D		
A B	C	<u>ne uoor.</u> D			
3. A Sun always		2			
A B	кеер <u>ине</u> <i>L</i> г	D			
4. There is some			iving room		
_	C rumme	D	iving room.		
5. My mother ha			hig blue eyes		
A	ve snort <u>eur</u> B	<u>19</u> nan <u>ana</u> C	D		
6. Would you lik	_		onight?		
A	<u>e going to t</u> B	C <u>movie</u> s <u>c</u>	D		
7. This is my new	_	_	_		
A	В	C	D		
8. I <u>have</u> a new ur					
A	<u></u> В	C D	<u></u>		
9. <u>In my</u> kitchen,	_	_	døe.		
A	<u>в</u> виш <u>ге</u>	D	2801		
			ney are not very tall.		
A B	c C	D	, , , , ,		
	_	_	ferent <u>time</u> each year.		
A	В	C	D		

12. Vietnamese	e people <u>will</u>	prepares fo	or T <u>et</u>	severa	ıl w <u>eek</u>	<u>s</u> before	hand	
	A		В	C	D			
13. Mount Eve	erest is the mo	ost <u>highest</u>	moun	tain <u>in</u>	the wo	rld.		
A	В	C		D				
14. If you read more, your vocabulary will get gooder every day.								
A	В		C		I	)		
15. Her mother and she walk to school in the morning.								
A	В	C	D					

Đồng Tiến, ngày 11 tháng 04 năm 2024

GIÁO VIÊN

Quách Thị Khánh Hương