

## A. THEORY

### I. VOCABULARY

+ Words related from unit 7 to 12.

+ Stress in words ending in: -ic/-al; -ee/-ese; -logy/-graphy; -ity/itive; -ful/-less

+ Stress in words starting with: un-/im-

### II. GRAMMAR

1. Conditional sentences: type 1,2,3

2. Present tenses: + Present simple

+ Present continuous

+ Present perfect

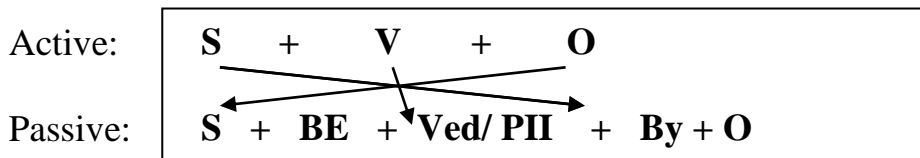
3. Past tenses: + Past simple

+ Past continuous

+ Past perfect

4. Passive voice

1. General Formation :



5. future tenses: + future simple/ future continuous

6. Modal verbs: Can/ could/ may/ might/ must , have to , ought to , should/ shouldn't ... + V

7. SO AS(not) TO = IN ORDER (not)TO : (cụm giới từ) để mà  
SO THAT (liên từ): để mà

S + V + so as (not) to – infinitive
-------------------------------------

S + V + so that + S + can (not) / could(not) + V
--

Ex : We study hard **so as to** get good marks. We study hard **in order to** get good marks./We study hard **so that** we can get good marks.

8. “ENOUGH” (adv): đủ để

a) The house is big enough for us to live in.

b) She is beautiful enough to become Miss World.

S + be + adj + enough + (for + O) + to- inf.
--

9. “TOO” (adv): quá (too...to-inf: Quá...không thể)

a) He is too young to ride a motorbike.

b) The weather was too cold for us to go out.

S + be + TOO + adj + (for + O) + to-infinitive
--

## 10. The structure: “ It’s + Adj + To infinitive ...” ( thật là ...)

To V ... + is + adj  
V-ing... + is + adj  
-> It is + adj + to V ...

Examples: a- To lie on the beach all day is wonderful.

->It is wonderful to lie on the beach.

b- Speaking English fluently is difficult.

->It’s difficult to speak English fluently.

c- It’s easy to find the notice board in the hall.

->To find the notice board in the hall is easy.

## 11. Relative clauses: Who whom, which, that, when, where...

## 12. Reported speech: present-> past...

## 13. Gerund – Infinitive:

Ex: She wants to see her friend.

- Advise/Ask/Request/ Tell/ Beg + O + to V

Ex: My mother advises me to get up early.

- “gerund”:Keep/Enjoy/Finish...+ V-ING

Ex: The children kept talking about the acrobats.

“gerund” or “to infinitive”:

Ex: Do you like reading novels ?  
to read

preposition ( in, at, on,of,...) + V-ING

Ex: English people are fond of watching football.

causative form: Have + S.O + V ( active)

Have + S.T + Ved/ 3 ( passive)

Make + O + V

Ex:- I have my brother repair my bicycle.

- They had their suitcases taken upstairs to their rooms.

- The clown made us laugh a lot.

## III. SKILLS

### Listening, Speaking, reading and writing about the following topics:

- |                                |                            |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. pollution;                  | 4. Communication;          |
| 2. English speaking countries; | 5. science and technology; |
| 3. Natural disasters;          | 6. Life on other planets.  |

## B. PRACTICE

### I. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

Redo All the exercises from unit 7 to unit 12 in workbook, Test yourself 3 and 4

### II. SKILLS

Practice reading, speaking, listening and writing base on the guiding in parts skills from unit 7 to unit 12. (students’book)

*Đông Tiến, ngày 14 tháng 4 năm 2021*

**NGƯỜI SOẠN NỘI DUNG**

*(Đã ký)*

**Nguyễn Phương Lan**

