# TRƯỜNG THCS LÊ QÚY ĐÔN

## TỔ K<u>HOA HỌC XÃ</u> HỘI

# HƯỚNG DẪN ÔN TẬP KIỂM TRA CUỐI HỌC KỲ I MÔN: TIẾNG ANH - LỚP 9 NĂM HOC 2025 – 2026

#### A. THEORY.

#### I. VOCAB AND PRONUNCIATION

All vocabularies related from unit 1 to unit 6

#### II. GRAMMAR

## **Unit 1: Local community**

## 1. Question words + to-infinitive:

Các từ hỏi: "what", "how", "where", "when" + "to V"

Ví dụ: I don't know how to do it.

2. Phrasal verbs: Các động từ đi kèm với giới từ.

Ví dụ: Look after (chăm sóc), turn off (tắt), give up (từ bỏ).

I can't **give up** smoking.

Please **turn off** the lights when you leave.

3. Mẫu câu giao tiếp: + Seeking help:

"Do you mind + V-ing?"/ "Could you + V?"

Ví dụ: Do you mind helping me? Could you show me how to do

+ Responding: "Not at all", "Sure"

Ví dụ: "Could you help me?" – "Sure, I'd be happy to."

4. Cấu trúc câu: Be famous for, Be made from, Make something + adj

Ví du: This dish is famous **for** its taste. The chair is made **from** wood.

## **Unit 2: City life**

1. Double comparatives: So sánh hai tính từ theo cách đặc biệt:

"The + adj-er + S + V, the + adj-er + S + V"

Ví dụ: The harder you work, the more you achieve.

- 2. Phrasal verbs: Các động từ + giới từ.
- Ví dụ: Turn into (biến thành), Ask sb to do sth (yêu cầu ai làm gì).
- 3. Mẫu câu giao tiếp: + Offering help:

"I can + V", "Would you like me to + V?"

Ví dụ: "I can help you with your homework."

"Would you like me to carry your bags?"

## + Responding:

- "Yes, please, I'd love to", "Thanks a lot"
- Ví du: "Could you help me?" "Yes, please, I'd love to."
- 4. Cấu trúc câu:

## Suggest + V-ing / that + S + V

Ví du: He suggested **going** to the cinema. She suggested **that** I study more.

## **Unit 3: healthy living for teens**

#### 1. Modal verbs in first conditional:

Câu điều kiện loại 1: If + Present simple, S + should/must/can + V

Ví dụ: If it rains, I should stay at home.

- 2. Asking for repetition:
- "Sorry?", "I beg your pardon", "Sorry I didn't catch that"

## 3. Mẫu câu giao tiếp:

a. In order to (để làm gì)

Ví dụ: She studied hard **in order to** pass the exam.

## b. Helping someone:

"Help sb do sth", "Try + to V"

Ví dụ: Can you **help me finish** this homework?

c. Cấu trúc câu: If + Present simple, S + should/must/can + V

Ví dụ: If you study harder, you can pass the test.

## **Unit 4: Remembering the past**

#### 1. Past continuous:

S + was/were + V-ing

Ví du: I was studying at 8 p.m. yesterday.

2. Wish + Past simple: Sử dụng với ước muốn không có thật trong quá khứ.

Ví dụ: I wish I had a car.

3. Mẫu câu giao tiếp: - Thanking: "Thank you very much for + N/V-ing"

Ví dụ: Thank you very much for helping me.

- **Responding**:"You're welcome", "It's my pleasure"

Ví dụ: "Thanks for your help!" – "You're welcome."

4. Cấu trúc câu: To be proud to + V

Ví dụ: I am **proud to help** my family.

## **Unit 5: Our experiences**

1. Present perfect:

S + have/has + V3/ed

Ví dụ: I have visited this place before.

2. Apologising:

"I'm really sorry", "Oops, my mistake"

3. Mẫu câu giao tiếp:

**Apologising**:"I'm really sorry" – "That's okay."

Responding: "That's alright", "No problem"

Ví dụ: "Sorry for the mistake" – "No problem."

# Unit 6: Vietnamese lifestyle: Then and Now

#### 1. Verbs + To-infinitive:

Một số động từ yêu cầu theo sau là to-infinitive: decide, want, hope.

Ví du: I decided to leave early.

## 2. Verbs + V-ing:

Một số động từ yêu cầu theo sau là V-ing: enjoy, suggest, avoid.

Ví du: I **enjoy swimming** in the sea.

3. Mẫu câu giao tiếp:

**Making promises**: "I will (not) + To V", "I promise (not) + To V"

Ví dụ: "I **promise** to help you."

Responding: "I will", "I promise"

Ví dụ: "I will help you with your homework."

4. Cấu trúc câu:

Provide sb with sth, Allow sb to do sth

Ví dụ: The teacher **provided** us **with** all the materials.

# III- SPEAKING: Talk about one of these topics

1. Talking about local activities

- 2. Talking about the city life
- 3. Talking about healthy living for teens
- 4. Talking about remembering the past
- 5. Talking about our experiences
- 6. Talking about Vietnamese lifestyles: then and now

#### IV. LISTENING

- 1. Listen and tick T (true) or F (false).
- 2. Listen then correct sentences.
- 3. Listen and choose the best answers: A, B, C or D.
- 4. Listen and fill the missing words.
- 5. Listen and answer the questions

## **V. WRITING.** (100 - 120 words)

- 1. Writing a paragraph about school days at present.
- 2. Write a paragraph about the most present or unpleasant experience you have had at school.
- 3. Writing a paragraph about the

#### **B. PRACTICE:**

- All the exercises from unit 4 to unit 6 in workbook.

#### I. Ex1

\* Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1 A hotton	Dologont	Canadiality	Depresented
1. A. b <u>e</u> tter	_	_ •	_
2. A. c <u>ou</u> ntry	B. c <u>ou</u> ncil	C. c <u>ou</u> ntable	D. m <u>ou</u> ntain
3. A. sp <u>a</u> ce	B. cre <u>a</u> te	C. n <u>a</u> ture	D. progr <u>a</u> m
4. A. b <u>ea</u> r	B. w <u>ea</u> r	C. n <u>ea</u> r	D. p <u>ea</u> r
5. A. s <u>u</u> nblock	B. c <u>u</u> pcake	C. s <u>u</u> rprise	D. <u>u</u> ncle
6. A. h <u>ea</u> lth	B. br <u>ea</u> k	C. st <u>ea</u> k	D. gr <u>ea</u> t
* Choose the best ar	nswer A, B, C or D	to complete each s	entence. Write your answers in the
space provided.			
1. He told me ı	my homework befo	ore I go out.	
A. to do	B. doing	C. do	D. did
2. Could you please	me how to us	se this machine?	
A. showing	B. show	C. showed	D. shows
3. I think she should	l the invitatio	n.	
A. accepts	B. accept	C. accepted	D. accepting
4 you like me	to help you with th	at?	
A. Do	B. Would	C. Could	D. Can
5. He to study	abroad next year.		
A. decide	B. decides	C. decided	D. deciding
6 do you like b	oetter, pizza or past	ta?	
A. What	B. Which	C. How	D. Where
7. The more you eat	, you feel.		
A. fatter	B. the fatter	C. the fattest	D. the fat
8. The more you eat	, you feel.		
A. fatter	B. the fatter	C. the fattest	D. the fat
9. Emma has a habit	of going her	r notes before an e	xam.

A. over	B. up	C. down	D. across
10. Since English c	an open a lot of job	you need to be good	l at it.
A. careers	B. centers	C. descriptions	D. opportunities
11. Lucy said that	she the roller coas	ster the next day.	
A. tried	B. will try	C. would try	D. try
12. People can eas	ily the Northern	Lights in Norway, Gree	nland, and Iceland.
	B. see	C. hit	D. occur
13. I wish I a	car to drive.		
A. have	B. had	C. has	D. will have
	to that restaurant be		D. Will have
	B. go		D. went
	O	0 0	ke a meaningful exchange
	_	ices of sentences to mai	ke a meaningful exchange
in each of the follow	~ -		
a. Alex: Why online			
	try online classes.	T 4: 10	
•	ou going to improve you	•	
	ne classes are too exper	· ·	
• -	ve our communication s	· •	
	B. $c - e - d - b - a$		d – e – a – b – c
16. What does this s	ign mean ?		
No Pushing in	<ul><li>B. Watch your steps.</li><li>C. It's very dangerous if</li><li>D. You cannot bring you</li></ul>	· -	-
*Choose the onti	on which is CLASEST is	n meaning to the und	erlined word/phrase in
each sentence	on which is closed? if	n meaning to the and	crunca wora, pinase in
	lpful when I needed assi	ctanca "	
A. difficult	_		D. selfish
	the face of danger inspir	•	D. ochion
•	B. courage	•	D. fear
			lerlined word/phrase in
each sentence		· ·	•
19. "Their project wa	s very <b>successful</b> and rec	eived praise."	
A. prosperous	<del>-</del>	-	D. notable
20. "He was <b>proud</b> o			
A. ashamed	112	C. confident	
Ex2. Give the cor	rect form of the follov	ving words. Write you	ır answers in the space
provided.			
			use I (sleep).
			or a walk in the park. The
	The birds (sing)		3
	ster (talk)_about some		
	n the rural area (starve)		food programme. At that
*	(do) the maths tes		-
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-,	-\O-/·

6. I wish I(earn) enough money to travel around the world.
7. She(not set) foot in Ho Chi Minh City since she graduated from University of
Economy.
8. At the moment, Nam and his friends (go)shopping at the mall.
10. On Friday, I (have)English.
11. He (like)apples, but he (not like)bananas.
12. Tom (be)my friend. He (play)sports every day.
13. He (teach)English in a big school in town.
14. We usually (read)books, (listen)to music or (watch)TV.
15. Look! They (run)together.
16. Keep silent! I (listen)to the radio.
17. Mary (lose) her hat and she (look) for it until now.
18. I (read) the novel written by Jack London several times before.
19. He (write) a book since last year.
20. Mr Green. (teach) English in this school since he (graduate) from
the university in 1986.
Ex3. Give the correct form of the following verbs. Write your answers in the space
provided.
1. She has a personality and is loved by everyone. (attract)
2. The company decided to its policies to improve customer satisfaction. ( <b>revise</b> )
3. He showed great when faced with a challenging situation. (courageous)
4. The chef prepared a meal that delighted all the guests. (taste)
5. The of the new technology has transformed our daily lives. (appear)
6. He made a very speech at the ceremony. ( <b>impress</b> )
7. The of the new law was a significant moment for the country. ( <b>introduce</b> )
8.She was to see her old friend after so many years. ( <b>delight</b> )
9. The weather was bad, so we decided to stay indoors. ( <b>exception</b> )
10. His in the project was highly appreciated. (involve)
11. The of the event was beyond our expectations. ( <b>organize</b> )
12. She showed great in dealing with the difficult situation. (patient)
13. The of the movie was praised by critics. ( <b>direct</b> )
14. His for the job was evident from his resume. ( <b>qualify</b> )
15. They were about the results of the experiment. ( <b>doubt</b> )
16. The of the festival attracted many tourists. (celebrate)
17. Her in the classroom was always disruptive. ( <b>behave</b> )
18. The of the products is very important for the company. ( <b>produce</b> )
19. He has a approach to solving problems. ( <b>science</b> )
20. The of the book made it a bestseller. ( <b>popular</b> )
Ex4. Rearrange the words and phrases to make complete sentences.
1. something expensive / I / will / for myself / buy.
2. breakfast / to have / before going to work / It is important.
3. most important / in his career / thing / It was the.
4. in the garden / many corn plants / There are.
5. My / funny person / aunt / was a.
6. some fruit / eat / If / are / you / hungry.
7. Were / the Santa clause / when they saw / the kids / all / happy.
8. Tom / had worked too hard / was tired / because / he.
9. has given / me / My boyfriend / some lovely flowers.
10. come from / where / did / all the bats?

12. this Sunday / have / They / a picnic.

13. cooks / My mom / a / delicious meal.
14. welcomed / Every guest / is / to Tom's birthday party.
15. the kidnapper / arrested / The police / quickly.
16. her hair / has had / My sister / cut.
17. of cement / The chair / was made.
18. has drank / some orange juice / My little son.
19. the bedroom / are reading books / in / My children.
20. If / she / studies hard / surely / Anna / will / a high mark / get.
Ex5. Rewrite the sentences so that it has the same meaning to the first one.
1. This is the most delicious cake I have ever tasted.
I have  2. I should like someone to take me out to dinner.
What I should
3. My sister started to learn English when she was four years old.
My sister has
4. They spent more money, they had to work harder.
The more
5. My father is the most capable man in the world.
No other
6. It's a pity you didn't tell us about this.
I wish
7. I'm interested in the information about history.
I find
8. The comedy was so terrible that we didn't want to see it again.
It
9. "Who will you go to see Avengers: Endgame with next week, Julie?", Jack said.
Jack asked
10. My written English is better than my spoken English.
I am
11. You won't get into university without passing your exam.
Unless
12. Because of his hard work, he made a success of his business.
He worked so
13. My uncle is very short-tempered.
My uncle loses
14. You can use it as long as you like, and it won't wear out.
Although
15. I haven't seen tasted food in this restaurant before.
It's
16. When did you start the project?
How long
17. She had to do the washing up but she didn't.
She forgot
18. If we can deal with the problem soon, it will be better for us.
The sooner  19. We couldn't drive faster because of the fog.
The fog prevented
20. It's a pity you didn't tell us about this.
I wish
Ex6. Find one mistake in each of the following sentences, CORRECT then write your

### answers in the space provided.

- 1. She doesn't knows how to speak English very well.
- 2. I wish I can go to the cinema with my friends.
- 3. He didn't decided to join the trip until last week.
- 4. Could you please show me how to play the piano?
- 5. I didn't went to the party last night.
- 6. She likes listen to music when she has free time.
- 7. They have been studying English since 2 hours.
- 8. If it rains, we will stay at home and watch a movie.
- 9. The more better your pronunciation is, the easier it will be to communicate.
- 10. I'll help you do your homework if you will help me with mine.
- 11. He was studying when I called him last night.
- 12. I have never seen a most beautiful painting before.
- 13. She is the best singer in my class, isn't she?
- 14. If I will study harder, I will pass the exam.
- 15. I will go shopping yesterday if I had enough time.
- 16. They don't know where to go at the weekend.
- 17. I was so tired so I went to bed early last night.
- 18. She always enjoys to read books in her free time.
- 19. I wish I have a car to drive to work.
- 20. The teacher told us to finish the assignment in time, so we are.

## Ex7. Read the passage and do the tasks bellow.

# 1. Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Scientists have revealed that air pollution may be responsible for a significant reduction in intelligence. Research conducted for the World Health Organization (WHO) in China showed that air pollution resulted in notable falls in students' test scores. The study, in\_\_\_\_ (1) researchers analyzed verbal and arithmetic tests taken by 20,000 people of \_\_\_\_\_ (2) ages, took place within a period of four years.

The researchers say that their study can be considered as a warning to the rest of the world, especially to those who live in urban \_\_\_\_ (3), adding that the longer people are left exposed from polluted air, the greater the damage to their intelligence will be. According to WHO, over 91 percent of the world population live in areas with toxic air. One of the researchers warned: "There is no\_\_\_\_\_ (4) to solve this issue. \_\_\_\_\_ (5), governments really need to take strong measures to reduce air pollution."

## (Adapted from https://www.breakingnewsenglish.com)

1. A. which	B. whom	C. whose	D. that
2. A. every	B. all	C. others	D. another
3. A. divisions	B. areas	C. sections	D. portions
4. A. undercut	B. resistance	C. shortcut	D. matter
5. A.Therefore	B. However	C. Although	D. Nonetheless

# 2. Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Ha Long Bay, located in Quang Ninh Province, Viet Nam, was recognized as a World Heritage Site by UNESCO in 1994. Over the years, Ha Long Bay has attracted numerous

visitors who come to enjoy its breathtaking views and experience other activities.

Ha Long Bay is well-known for its beautiful scenery. With its thousands of rocks and caves emerging out of the water, Ha Long Bay has won international recognition. As visitors explore this magnificent place, there are always new surprises for them.

Cruise tours are very popular in Ha Long Bay. There are different cruise itineraries so tourists can visit many different caves, and experience the local culture and life on the water. Thus, a tour may last from several hours to a day, or even a night on board, which gives the visitors a truly superb experience.

Ha Long Bay cuisine presents another attraction for tourists. It is famous for its fresh seafood, such as crabs, prawns, and sea clams. A trip to Ha Long Bay is not complete without tasting the authentic local food served in many restaurants in the area.

Tourists can also do and see a lot in Ha Long Bay at a reasonable price. They can save money thanks to the availability of low-cost hotels and cruise tours. For those with more abundant travel budgets, there are also many options. They can enjoy the comfort and elegance of five-star hotels and luxury cruise ships.

The experiences of each visitor to Ha Long Bay vary. Some may remember waking up to a beautiful sunrise among the rocks, islets, and caves. Others may never forget their cave dinner or the breathtaking view from a mountain top overlooking the bay. However, they will all be left with the unforgettable memories of their Ha Long Bay tour.

- 1. Which title best title of the passage?
- A. Five-star hotels and luxury cruise ships in Ha Long Bay
- B. Unforgettable experiences of tourists in Ha Long Bay
- C. Geographical features of Ha Long Bay
- D. How Ha Long Bay attracts tourists
- 2. In paragraph 1, the word "breathtaking" means \_\_\_\_\_.

A. very small B. ve

B. very exciting or impressive

C. very important

D. not beautiful or impressive

- 3. According to the passage, which of the following is not TRUE?
- A. Ha Long Bay is in Quang Ninh Province, Viet Nam.
- B. Ha Long Bay was recognized as a World Heritage Site by UNESCO in 1994.
- C. Very few rocks and caves emerge from the water in Ha Long Bay.
- D. Cruise tours are very popular in Ha Long Bay.
- 4. What can visitors do on a Ha Long Bay cruise tour?
- A. They can visit different caves, and experience the local culture and life on the water.
- B. They can enjoy fresh seafood, such as crabs, prawns, and sea clams in many restaurants.
- C. They can enjoy the breathtaking view from the top of the mountain overlooking the bay.
- D. They can enjoy the comfort and elegance of five-star hotels.
- 5. The word "it" in paragraph 4 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. scenery	B. cuisine	C. cruise tour	D. cave dinner
11. Section y	D. Cuisine	c. ci disc toui	D. cave uninci

#### The wheel

3. Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Before the wheel	was invented thousa	nds of years ago,	the only way	to get from one
place to another was (1)	our legs or ridir	ng animals, such a	s horses, camel	s, or donkeys.

Wheels today are on	all sorts of vehicles fr	om cars to planes,	from bikes to skateboards. We
pelieve that the first	wheels were invented	ed to help move v	very heavy (2) Humans
discovered that som	ething heavy was m	ore easily moved	by rolling something round.
Eventually wheels we	ere (3) for carts a	and wagons.	
The wheel is probably	y the most significant	mechanical inventi-	on of all time. The first wheels
are thought to have ap	peared in Egypt on ch	ariots around 2000	BC.
Just imagine the wo	rld today (4) th	ne wheel, not only	in transportation but also in
technology. Importan	t applications of the	wheel include the	water wheel and the spinning
wheel. More (5)	_ applications include	the jet engine and t	he turbine.
1. A. walking	B. going	C. using	D. applying
2. A. objects	B. machines	C. vehicles	D. boxes
3. A. advanced	B. developed	C. explored	D. decided
4. A. for	B. with	C. without	D. by
5 A practical	R early	C interesting	D modern

Đồng Tiến, ngày 6 tháng 12 năm 2025 NGƯỜI SOẠN

Quách Thị Khánh Hương